

## **CONSERVATION CASEWORK LOG NOTES JULY 2018**

The GT conservation team received 159 new cases in England and four cases in Wales during July, in addition to ongoing work on previously logged cases. Written responses were submitted by the GT and/or CGTs for the following cases. In addition to the responses below, 44 'No Comment' responses were lodged by the GT and 20 by CGTs in response to planning applications included in the weekly lists.

Site	County	GT Ref	Reg Grade	Proposal	Written Response
ENGLAND					
Old Warden Park (including the Swiss Garden)	Bedford shire	E18/0518	11*	PLANNING APPLICATION Construction of new tarmac access driveway together with construction of culvert / ditch crossings and associated fences, gates, drainage ditch, hedges, landscaping and mitigation works to Old Warden Park and removal of the old tarmac driveway crossing the Old Warden airfield runway. Land South of Old Warden Park, Old Warden, Biggleswade. HYBRID	CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 06.07.2018 Bedfordshire Gardens Trust is responding on behalf of the Gardens Trust, statutory consultee, to the further comments from Robinson & Hall on behalf of the Applicant, dated 22 June. Our original response was dated 25 May. We also note the views of Historic England on the application, as set out in their response of 8 June. Traffic estimates The estimated traffic flows now provided by the applicant indicate the highest numbers on flying days (12 days in 2018), amounting to 1000- 2500 vehicles (ie 2000-5000 vehicle movements daily, or 24,000-60,000 per year) to access and leave the site). The applicant states that other events would involve 15,500 vehicles (31,000 vehicle movements) per year, while the daily flows arising from the college (1000 students, and ancillary traffic) are not specified. Each of these vehicles would pass directly through a small but sensitive area of the registered parkland, and be visible (and audible) across a much wider area, including intrusion into views to and from the

Mansion (see our response of 25 May).
It is appreciated that the application is aimed at accommodating
present traffic and not increasing the number of visitors, but as the
attractions of the Trust's facilities are well-marketed, it is likely that
these numbers will grow.
Even without that, the presence of a new length of two-way road
passing through the edge of the registered site, and the concentration
of all present vehicle movements on it, will have an adverse impact on
the historic landscape. The peak flows mentioned by the applicant
would occur on only a relatively small number of (mainly weekend and
evening) occasions during the May-October flying season, but the road
would be a permanent feature throughout the year.
We do not agree that this amounts only to "slight harm" to the
significance of the registered park. We regard the degree of harm -
insofar as it can be assessed from the limited information provided - to
be moderate rather than slight. It is for your Council to consider
whether there is justification for this harm (National Planning Policy
Guidance para 132) and weigh the harm against the public benefits of
the proposal (para 134).
Enhancements
The applicant states that the new access road would allow some
enhancement and reinstatement work in accordance with the CMP
(which we have not seen). We accept that the reinstatement of the
verges to the Old Warden Drive and the North (Ickwell) Drive would
support the significance of the site, and that the new access road would
facilitate this. The return of arable to grassland in the North Park, and
better management of the lakeside planting, could presumably be
effected without the proposed change of access.
The longer-term effect of closing the Hill Lane access (also suggested as
an improvement if the new access road were to go ahead) is unclear, as
the visitor centre and hardstanding for visitor parking is immediately
inside that entrance. There would presumably be a future application to
resite those facilities.
Mitigation
Mitigation proposals for the new route included the replacement "east
copse" of oaks grown from acorns on site to assist in screening the new

					road from the Mansion. Historic England have pointed out that in order to be effective, the screening proposals would have to include some faster-growing species in the early years, and be carefully managed. We concur. The Applicant has accepted this. It has also offered to "reinforce tree planting on the southern side of the existing drive to consolidate the existing screen of the new college buildings" (penultimate paragraph of the email of 22 June). Your Council will no doubt want to seek further information on this to assess what is proposed and how much mitigation it could provide. All enhancements and mitigation works should be the subject of conditions if planning permission is given. Bedfordshire Gardens Trust remains concerned about the impact of this proposal on the Grade II* registered historic park and garden site, both in its own right and as a setting for the listed Mansion and Queen Anne's Summerhouse. Yours sincerely CAROLINE BOWDLER Bedfordshire Gardens Trust
Luton Hoo	Bedford shire	E18/0406	*	PLANNING APPLICATION Request for Scoping Opinion in respect of the construction and operation of a Combined Heat and Power (CHP) facility that would import up to 500,000 tonnes per annum of Refuse Derived Fuel (RDF) or similar residual waste including new access off Lower Harpenden Road, ancillary development and installation of underground pipeline and cable for transfer of heat and energy to new connection points/substation near London Luton Airport. Proposed Chiltern Green Energy Park, Land off Lower Harpenden Road, New Mill End, East Hyde. ENERGY/UTILITIES SUPPLY	TGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 24.07.2018 Thank you for consulting The Gardens Trust (GT) in its role as Statutory Consultee with regard to the scoping opinion affecting a site included by Historic England (HE) on their Register of Parks & Gardens, as per the above application. The GT has liaised with our colleagues in the Bedfordshire Gardens Trust and would like to offer the following comments. An Environmental Impact Assessment is most valuable when it influences a prospective applicant's decision on site selection. Here it appears that that decision has already been taken, and the Gardens Trust has serious concerns about the location. The proposed site adjoins Luton Hoo, a grade II* registered historic park of major importance as an example of the work of Lancelot "Capability" Brown. Brown transformed the landscape east of the house. The park runs down to lakes formed by Brown from the river Lea, backed by a shelter belt of woodland just west of the B653, the proposed access route to the CHP development. The registered site is a heritage asset in its own right, as well as the setting for the Grade I- listed house – and as a heritage asset, the park

also has its own setting. The request for a scoping opinion largely
identifies the factors likely to be of concern to the Gardens Trust, but
there are some additional points to make.
Section 5.9 – Cultural Heritage – proposes an analysis which appears to
be in line with current methodology, for example Historic England's
Good Practice Advice Note 3 (GPA3) on the setting of heritage assets.
However the appropriate connections with other aspects of the
proposals, and the way in which cumulative impacts will be assessed,
are not always clear. This needs to be addressed as set out below.
Section 5.5 – Highways and Transportation – states that all HGV traffic
would probably come from the north (M1 J10), and Herts CC have
confirmed in their consultation response that they would not be
prepared for HGV movements to use the B653 south of the proposed
site. The alignment and capacity of the B653 is rightly identified as a key
issue, but there are implications for Luton Hoo in relation to noise,
traffic emissions and possible future land-take which should also be
considered.
Section 5.7 Ecology – trees are not mentioned. We are told in Section
6.6 that a tree survey has been undertaken and will form part of the
supporting documents for the future planning application, but it
apparently focuses on trees that would have to be felled and how trees
would be protected during the construction. Trees are a very important
part of this registered landscape, both individual specimens in the Park,
woodland shelter belts, and planting on the far (eastern) side of the
valley which form part of the designed views from the house. Their
condition, and the likely impacts of pollution from increased traffic and
the operation of the CHP plant, should be part of the EIA.
Section 5.8 Landscape and visual. There is an implication in the
overview that the only "visual receptors" which need to be considered
are local residents, users of public rights of way, visitors to the Luton
Hoo Hotel and road users. This is too narrow. Views within, from and to
the registered site are an integral part of its character and value. GPA3
Part I, Settings & Views (22.12.17) makes this clear: "The contribution
that setting makes to the significance of the heritage asset does not
depend on there being public rights or an ability to access or experience
that setting." It also goes on to say: "The extent and importance of

Woburn Abbey	Bedford shire	E18/0433	1	PLANNING APPLICATION Construction of a new temporary	setting is often expressed by reference to visual considerations. Although views of or from an asset will play an important part, the way in which we experience an asset in its setting is also influenced by other environmental factors such as noise, dust and vibration from other land uses in the vicinity, and by our understanding of the historic relationship between places." Similar considerations therefore apply to noise (section 5.6). We are pleased to see that visualisations are to be prepared which show impacts in different seasons, including when deciduous trees are not in leaf. While Luton Hoo is the principal parks and gardens heritage site which would be affected, the document rightly identifies the scheduled monument Someries Castle, which has remnants of an early formal garden layout, and the non-registered grounds and Victorian walled garden of The Hyde which are of local importance. Yours sincerely, Margie Hoffnung Conservation Officer <b>CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 15.07.2018</b> Bedfordshire Gardens Trust is responding to this application on behalf
				access drive across the Gardens	of the Gardens Trust, statutory consultee for planning applications
				located at Woburn Abbey in	affecting registered historic parks and gardens.
				order to facilitate works to: a)	We do not have the technical expertise to assess whether the proposed
				dismantle and rebuild the North	temporary access road is essential, rather than just desirable from the
				dismantle and rebuild the North and South Screen Walls (as	temporary access road is essential, rather than just desirable from the Applicant's viewpoint, to allow the works to improve the visitor
				dismantle and rebuild the North and South Screen Walls (as detailed in the approved Listed	temporary access road is essential, rather than just desirable from the Applicant's viewpoint, to allow the works to improve the visitor entrance area and the north and south courts, and the rebuilding of the
				dismantle and rebuild the North and South Screen Walls (as detailed in the approved Listed Building Consent application	temporary access road is essential, rather than just desirable from the Applicant's viewpoint, to allow the works to improve the visitor entrance area and the north and south courts, and the rebuilding of the screen walls. Your Council will no doubt want to ensure that it fully
				dismantle and rebuild the North and South Screen Walls (as detailed in the approved Listed Building Consent application number: CB/14/02062/LB); and	temporary access road is essential, rather than just desirable from the Applicant's viewpoint, to allow the works to improve the visitor entrance area and the north and south courts, and the rebuilding of the screen walls. Your Council will no doubt want to ensure that it fully understands the restrictions associated with gaining access for
				dismantle and rebuild the North and South Screen Walls (as detailed in the approved Listed Building Consent application number: CB/14/02062/LB); and b) refurbish and alter the North	temporary access road is essential, rather than just desirable from the Applicant's viewpoint, to allow the works to improve the visitor entrance area and the north and south courts, and the rebuilding of the screen walls. Your Council will no doubt want to ensure that it fully understands the restrictions associated with gaining access for construction traffic using the existing route through the North Court.
				dismantle and rebuild the North and South Screen Walls (as detailed in the approved Listed Building Consent application number: CB/14/02062/LB); and b) refurbish and alter the North and South Courtyards and carry	temporary access road is essential, rather than just desirable from the Applicant's viewpoint, to allow the works to improve the visitor entrance area and the north and south courts, and the rebuilding of the screen walls. Your Council will no doubt want to ensure that it fully understands the restrictions associated with gaining access for construction traffic using the existing route through the North Court. The route of the proposed temporary access is not dissimilar to that of
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				Alele and Male and Devil 144-14	
				Abbey, Woburn Park, Woburn, Milton Keynes MK17 9WA. ROAD	Although the present application is for a temporary roadway, with the period of its construction, use and removal lasting for three years from
				WIIIton Reynes WR17 9WA. ROAD	November 2018 to October 2021, it would inevitably cause some harm
					to the significance of the registered site and its setting. This harm would
					arise both from the presence and use of this road cutting across the
					heart of the gardens, and from its construction and removal. There are
					also risks of damage and compaction while the road is in use by heavy
					vehicles. The harm would be more than slight although probably less
					than significant because of its time limitation. Any harm or loss of a
					heritage asset requires clear and convincing justification (National
					Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) paragraph 132.
					If your Council decides that the access route is essential to give effect to
					the planning permissions, it then has to consider whether the harm
					caused would be outweighed by the public benefits of implementing
					the permission (NPPF paragraph 134). If the conclusion is that the new
					access road should be allowed, conditions should be imposed to ensure
					that:
					• The implication of the work, including impacts on trees, drainage,
					ground levels, buried features etc are fully investigated before work
					starts;
					• There is a full archaeological watching and recording brief;
					• The construction methods are as little invasive as possible, and the
					traffic is carefully managed; and,
					• The site is entirely reinstated as quickly as possible after the
					completion of the works which the road is facilitating.
					According to the draft programme (page 8 of the Design and Access
					Statement) the temporary access road would be in position, though not
					in use by construction traffic, during the visitor seasons April to
					September 2019 and Easter to October 2021. To minimise the harm to
					the significance of the registered site, access by other traffic should not
					be permitted during those periods.
					Yours sincerely
					CAROLINE BOWDLER
Wotton House	Bucking	E18/0331	I	PLANNING APPLICATION and	TGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 04.07.2018
	hamshire			Listed Building Consent Single-	Thank you for consulting The Gardens Trust (GT) in its role as Statutory
				storey extension in place of the	Consultee with regard to proposed development affecting a site

alterations, A proposed conservatory/orangery on the rear. Replacement structure of the existing shed. Brewers Yard, Wotton Underwood, Buckinghamshire HP18 OSB. BUILDING ALTERATION	as per the above application. Please accept my apologies for the delay in getting back to you on this. We have liaised with our colleagues in the Buckinghamshire Gardens Trust (BGT) and would be grateful if you could please take our comments in consideration when deciding this application. The BGT has written a paper (attached) containing detailed comments on the current applications which outline our considered reasoning as to why the proposals are damaging to the important historic core of the Wotton Underwood landscape. We believe that the proposals as currently set out should be refused, but there may be alternative ways of obtaining similar accommodation for the property without causing the same level of damage to the historic character. BGT would be pleased to discuss alternative approaches with the applicant if the opportunity arises. I would be happy to forward any offers of a meeting to the BGT. Yours sincerely, Margie Hoffnung Conservation Officer
	CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 04.07.2018 The Current Situation The proposals are 1. To reconstruct the existing extension along the east boundary wall – affects landscape and views 2. To reconstruct the existing shed along the western boundary wall – affects landscape 3. To construct a conservatory/orangery on the north elevation – affects landscape 4. Internal alterations – not relevant to remit of BGT Of these, three proposed areas of change affect the designed landscape: The Historic England Register description for Grade I Wotton House in this vicinity is as follows: 'The main drive continues in a straight line north, past Brewers Yard north of the Clock Pavilion, along the brick boundary wall of the yard, and arriving at a group of six piers 60m north of Brewers Yard (listed at Grade II). The four inner, brick piers are of the early C18, rebuilt in the C20, with C20 cast-iron railings and gates; the two outer, ashlar piers are early C19. Adjacent to the east is a single-storey brick lodge in

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		similar style to that on the south drive, forming part of the old estate
		yard, where the remains of the former ice house are still visible. The
		piers and lodge flank the southern end of the north avenue, probably
		planted initially by London and Wise, and largely replanted in the C20.
		The north drive runs straight along the avenue, turning north-east 1km
		north of the house to lead straight to Middle Lodge and beyond to Ham
		Lodge on the A41. This drive is no longer in use.'
		Image taken from
		http://www.historicalgardensblog.com/2013/12/23/garden-front-
		plans-for-wotton/
		Proposed conservatory, replacement shed with pitched roof,
		replacement Eastern wing with realigned roof
		The listed building description for Brewer's Yard is as follows:
		House, formerly the laundry for Wotton House, incorporating wall
		along E. side of yard, with pair of gate piers at S. end. Early C18, altered.
		Brick. House has tiled roof and brick band course across E. gable. One
		storey and attic, 4 bays. Left bays have C20 wooden cross casements
		with original segmental heads. Third bay altered, now with C20 door
		and paired casement above in small gable. Right bay has C20 flat roofed
		extension projecting along former wall of yard. E. gable has brick coping
		and blocked window with segmental head. Gate piers have moulded
		stone bases and cornices, carved stone urn finials, and carved stone
		scrolls to walls and side pilasters. Historic Significance of the Site of
		Brewer's Yard within the Designed Landscape Brewer's Yard is situated
		adjacent to the most important historic drive to Wotton House, as it
		reaches the house, and even closer to the Brewhouse Wing which is
		attached to the central block of the house by a curved wing wall and
		overlooks Brewhouse Yard. The site is close to several pairs of major
		C18 ornamental gate piers, garden walls, and the great formal forecourt
		on the east side of the house, with its impressive iron screen and
		gateway. This is the main approach from the Aylesbury (and hence
		London) direction, which although disused beyond Brewer's Yard,
		survives in relict form as a track and was intended to provide a long and
		impressive approach to the mansion. This was probably formed by
		Lancelot Brown, incorporating part of the old village street after the
		houses had been removed. Thus while Brewer's Yard may make a lesser
		nouses had been removed. Thus while brewer's faid hidy hidke a lesser

contribution to the designed landscape, it occupies a highly sensitive
part of the landscape at the point where the great ensemble of the
three wings of the enclosing the large forecourt is about to open up.
Alterations within the yard and to the existing buildings which are not
visible from the wider landscape are likely to be acceptable. Changes
that are visible from the main drive, the adjacent listed buildings that
form part of the designed landscape views and the surrounding
ornamental landscape are less likely to be acceptable and in any case
require close scrutiny to ensure that they do not damage the historic
fabric, character and views. 1. Replacement extension along the Eastern
boundary wall Currently there is a 20th century single storey structure
with a pitched roof which has been well-detailed to fit in. To the south
of this (left in the photo) is a flat roofed extension which runs along the
eastern boundary wall towards the gate piers at the south end of the
wall. The flat-roofed space is not visible over the wall.
The photos of the existing show that the flatroof extension is not visible
behind the Eastern boundary wall. The 20th century pitched-roof
extension is but it nestles subserviently next to the higher original pitch
roof at a smaller scale but the same orientation which feels appropriate
to the overall setting and articulation of the historic use of the building.
The proposal is to demolish the single storey and the flat-roofed
structures and to replace them with a wider two storey extension that
abuts the existing north range with a hipped roof at the south gable
end.
This structure is substantially higher than the previous structure and
the continuous roofline, which will run southnorth along the historic
Eastern wall, will be visible from the drive and the designed landscape
to the east and the north. The design of the roof and the ridgeline
parallel with the boundary wall are not consistent with the surrounding
structures and will give the impression that the historic wall is part of a
domestic structure rather than defining the courtyard. The chimney will
also be removed which adds to the loss of character.
The considerable visibility of this new structure above the historic yard
will intrude on views from the main approach drive just before it
reaches the great set piece of the forecourt and mansion, even though
it is now disused as a through route, but it survives largely intact. We

suggest that it could be possible to reconfigure the internal single
storey space if more internal room is required.
The flat roof structure will be moved nearer to the gate posts but will
not be visible from outside of the yard and will have no impact on the
views relating to the main drive, and is thus acceptable.
2. To reconstruct the existing shed along the west boundary wall The
existing sheds are outside the yard west wall and project into the
ornamental landscape adjacent. They are a C20 addition it seems. They
do not open to the yard and are therefore not accessed from the yard.
The reconstruction of the building will increase the plan by extending
the western wall into the garden, and with the addition of a felt pitched
roof and a 4 glazed openings into the garden. It would remain as a
workshop and storage.
On the rear pitch, four new rooflights will face into the courtyard, but
will be visible through the gates and from the main drive to the east of
the courtyard as is shown in this artistic view by the architect.
This contemporary-style addition to the landscape damages the historic
character because of the proposed materials, the introduction of a
more obvious pitched roof and the addition of a considerable amount
of fenestration giving the impression of a domestic structure in the
designed landscape, including rooflights. The reconstruction of a flat
roof structure of similar outline plan would be acceptable as it would
not further damage the historic character and avoid visible rooflights.
This could occupy a larger footprint and with timber-boarded doors
that could be glazed internally to allow a well-lit interior space, but only
when the workshop was in use – to be closed at all other times.
3. Erect a conservatory/orangery in the garden to the north elevation of
the house
The proposal is in the corner space in this part of the garden where the
main house meets the Eastern boundary wall to remove a brick
barbeque structure and to construct a conservatory. The proposed
conservatory appears to incorporate the east boundary wall within its
structure.
Whilst there have been alterations to this side of the property, they
related to a sensitive conversion of the former functional building into a
domestic residence, that has caused little damage to the historic

				<ul> <li>character and fabric of the landscape.</li> <li>The proposed conservatory would have a flat roof with a small glazed pitch towards the main house – this part of the roof would project above the boundary wall. The proposed materials (aluminium, copper and glass) are contemporary and damage the historic character. The addition of a domestic structure into an undeveloped part of the garden is an unnecessary extension of the building envelope.</li> <li>Additionally there will be both light emittence and reflection from having a glazed structure in this position.</li> <li>This part of the proposals damages the historic character and fabric in this part of the designed landscape.</li> <li>In conclusion, the proposals in their present form, while individually relatively minor in a less sensitive setting, have a cumulatively damaging effect on the designed landscape at the core of the Grade I Wotton Underwood landscape.</li> </ul>
Stowe	Bucking hamshire	E18/0356	PLANNING APPLICATION Extension to detached 3 bay garage. Stowe Court, Dadford Road, Stowe, Buckinghamshire MK18 5DA. BUILDING ALTERATION	TGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 02.07.2018Thank you for consulting The Gardens Trust (GT) in its role as Statutory Consultee with regard to proposed development affecting a site included by Historic England (HE) on their Register of Parks & Gardens, as per the above application. We have consulted our colleagues in the Buckinghamshire Gardens Trust and would be grateful if you could please take our comments into consideration when deciding this application.Stowe Court sits to the south of the cross-roads which leads to the Oxford Lodge and across the Oxford Bridge. The property is set back from the road with two access drives and there are already a number of structures there. In principle extending these is not an issue. However, we do have some concern as to the height of the central bay. As far as we can see from the online documentation, there is no clear explanation of the central bay and whether it is two storey or contains a lift. As the building is so close to a significant part of Stowe Landscape Park we are concerned that it might be visible from within the parkland and possibly from the walk from the Corinthian Arch to the Oxford Bridge. Before determining the application, Aylesbury Vale DC need to ensure that the visual effect is not damaging on the view from the Oxford Avenue approach. For this we recommend rigorous appraisal of

Doddershall House	Buckingh amshire	E18/0386	Ν	PLANNING APPLICATION Conversion of existing timber frame barn to a dwelling. Barn At Doddershall House, Doddershall, Quainton, Buckinghamshire. BUILDING ALTERATION, RESIDENTIAL	the visual impact in this respect. Yours sincerely, Margie Hoffnung Conservation Officer <b>TGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 19.07.2018</b> Please accept my apologies for getting back to you since an additional elevation drawing has been put up on the planning portal. I have been away and am only just back. Having done a site visit, I gather from the message left on our conservation mobile that your Heritage Officer is confident that the extended garage will not be seen, having done a site visit. We are happy to defer to you if this is the case. Yours sincerely, Margie Hoffnung Conservation Officer <b>TGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 04.07.2018</b> Thank you for consulting The Gardens Trust (GT) in its role as Statutory Consultee with regard to the proposed development. We offer comments on the above application in collaboration with Buckinghamshire Gardens Trust (BGT) on this site, which although not recognised as a designed landscape of national significance, is undoubtedly of considerable local significance. Bucks Gardens Trust has recently described the key features and their historic significance in the attached historic landscape site dossier, which is available on our web site and at the HER. The preparation of the dossier was aided greatly by the owners allowing members of BGT to visit and see the site as it survives today. As a result BGT has a good understanding of the site, and has produced an overview of the landscape significance of the site as follows: 'A garden and small park, associated with a fine, partly moated, early C16 and later manor house. With Tudor origins, the present layout is mostly from later phases that survive largely intact. The formal and informal mid-C19 layout of the garden incorporates earlier elements including two arms of a moat, and is the essential setting for the notable house. The park has lost most of the mature trees it had by the early C20. The rural Vale of Aylesbury setting makes a strong
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contribution, including views towards the wooded Lodge Hill,
Waddesdon. C19 railway developments necessitated the alteration of
the main approach from the south-east, which included building a
substantial Arts and Crafts-style lodge near the entrance c.1900.'
Thus the significance of the Doddershall landscape derives from the
typical ensemble of features of a country manor house developed over
many centuries, the current features surviving largely in good condition
and largely intact. The service yard in which the building in question
stands is a typical working element of such a landscape. Although the
yard is of lesser significance to the ornamental landscape design,
because of its position at the core of the designed landscape, changes
have the potential for significant effects on the views and setting
relating to the manor house, and to important nearby landscape
elements such as the kitchen garden and ornamental gardens which are
of higher designed landscape significance than the yard.
In summary therefore, in principal, for the following reasons, we have
no objection to the conversion of this building which stands in a service
yard, in the manner proposed. Our concerns lie with the treatment of
the associated landscape and the relationship of this landscape with the
surrounding manor house landscape, which we have described in our
site dossier. We give further details of our concerns about the
landscaping below.
The barn is part of the service yard north of the main house: (BGT
dossier plan item 2). The barn dates from 2001 and replaced in similar
form an earlier building. It was recently being used as a summer house.
It faces SE onto the former kitchen garden and is visually associated
with the millennium garden - which is aligned on it. It is to the rear of
the photo of the 'former kitchen garden from the SE' (BGT dossier P14).
The conversion involves the retention of the ground floor as a single
space: the first floor will be converted to 4 bedrooms with roof lights.
The conversion will not alter the external appearance of the barn
significantly. It will be accessed from the service yard to the rear via the
western approach and by the track curving round the north and west of
the service yard. As it does not face the manor house or the principal
approach to it, unlike the converted brick service range (three houses:
dossier photo p15), it is likely to have lower visual impact on the house.

				While the building conversion is acceptable from a landscape point of view, we observe that the submitted reports do not cover the landscape importance of the site beyond the service yard. Instead there is more submitted describing the character of the service yard. The application site includes most of the area in front of the barn – between it and the millennium garden – which is currently grass with broad semi-circular steps to the entrance of the barn. These steps will be replaced by a clay-tile-paved rectangular terrace extending towards the millennium garden. A modern conservatory will be demolished and the brick building north of it will be refurbished as a playroom. Attached is a photo showing the building in question behind the conservatory: the paved terrace (raised and matching the entrance to the barn - replacing the curved steps) will continue the edge of the conservatory while the application site runs almost up to the hedges of the millennium garden (on the left). There is, it seems, no detail in either the plans or the reports concerning any proposed boundary treatment for the terrace or for the application site towards the millenium garden. No other tenanted house in the service yard group has a demarcated area outside the yard towards the house or its landscape setting. We are concerned that no such boundary should be erected here (and indeed, perhaps there is none proposed). In conclusion we ask that AVDC ascertain whether any boundary is proposed on the SE side of the proposed conversion and insert a condition to prevent any boundary of any description on the SE side. Otherwise, we have no objection to the proposal. Yours sincerely,
				Margie Hoffnung
Watten Hause	Duglingt			Conservation Officer
Wotton House	Buckingh amshire	E18/0545	PLANNING APPLICATION	TGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 29.07.2018
	amsnire		Installation of 22.50m high swann engineering column. Land At	Thank you for consulting The Gardens Trust (GT) in its role as Statutory Consultee with regard to proposed development affecting a site
			Wotton End, Kingswood Lane,	included by Historic England (HE) on their Register of Parks & Gardens,
			Wotton End, Kingswood Lane, Wotton Underwood,	
				as per the above application. We have liaised with our colleagues in the
			Buckinghamshire HP18 9RB.	Buckinghamshire Gardens Trust and would be grateful if you could take
			MISCELLANEOUS	our comments into consideration when deciding this application.

					We are greatly concerned that there is no heritage impact assessment included with the documentation online, as the proposed engineering column will quite possibly affect two Grade I registered landscapes : Wotton Underwood and Waddesdon Manor. We have strong reservations about this mast proposed for a site 230m outside the Grade I Registered Wotton Underwood as it is likely to be damaging in significant views relating to the designed landscape and Grade I listed mansion, and the severity of these effects on views and wider setting must be assessed before a decision is made by AVDC. The mast is likely to be visible beyond the boundary plantation close to the line of the principal early C18 vista west from the mansion across the lake. It is also possible it could be seen from Grade I Waddesdon Manor – as we have no assessment we cannot judge. This should not be treated under Permitted Development Rights but under a Full Application. AVDC is strongly advised, before a decision is made on a full planning application, to require a Heritage Impact Assessment to be carried out that is then circulated to all statutory consultees for their comment. Yours sincerely, Margie Hoffnung Conservation Officer
Arley Hall	Cheshire	E18/0359	11	PLANNING APPLICATION New memorial walled garden, including ancillary landscaping, car park area and reception facilities. THE MARL FIELD, ARLEY HALL, ARLEY PARK, ARLEY, CW9 6LZ. SCULPTURE/MONUMENT	TGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 18.07.2018 The Garden Trust had requested additional information on the above application related to the visual impact assessment previously submitted. Cross sections that show the level changes and wall heights along with indicative planting to the external walls has made clearer the scale of the proposed development. These were received last night. A revised visual assessment has been promised which will indicate the walls as solid form rather than a location line on the ground. Again this will greatly assist our understanding of scale and massing of the proposed development. The Garden Trust notes that Historic England has made no objection to the project, while the Arley Heritage Statement (4.2.2) points out that 'although the designed landscape at Arley is of high significance [II*], the proposed development site has always remained in agricultural use and has never been part of the designed garden or parkland landscape'.

					The proposed development should make a positive asset to the estate and the local economy supporting NPPF EG2. Our initial concern regarding scale and mass within the landscape has been partially revised, particularly as the wall height has been reduced and finished ground levels have been adjusted to lessen the impact. The Trust supports the need to sustain financially the estate; however, we wish to abstain from making a final assessment until the revised visual assessment documents with photomontage are received. Yours sincerely, Margie Hoffnung Conservation Officer	
					TGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 28.07.2018 The additional requested information supporting the visual assessment, specifically the photo montages, have been received and evaluated. The Garden Trust has no objection to the above proposed development. The Trust does recommend that the indicitive tree planting is included in Phase 1 of the development. This will be beneficial to reducing the visual impact particularLy in the later phases. Yours sincerely, Margie Hoffnung Conservation Officer	
Kedleston Hall	Derby shire	E18/0472	1	PLANNING APPLICATION Residential development of up to 38 dwellings with associated landscaping and public open space (outline with all matters reserved except access) (Contrary to the provision of the Local Plan). Land At Moor Lane, Kirk Langley, Ashbourne, Derbyshire. RESIDENTIAL	<th collection="" end="" of="" td="" the="" the<=""></th>	

					suggest that the county archeologist looks at the site and prepares a report to be considered alongside the HIA. This should then be added to the HER as a non-designated heritage asset. We would like to reiterate our comments to the Pre-App enquiry dated 18th April 2018. The site is clearly visible from the RPG and impacts upon historic views and the setting of Kedleston Hall. It is contrary to EN33 and as such we OBJECT to this application. Yours sincerely, Margie Hoffnung Conservation Officer
Stover Park	Devon	E18/0398	11	PLANNING APPLICATION Change of use of agricultural land to allow extension to existing golf course including implementation of lakes and associated landscaping. GOLF	CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 04.07.2018 Thank you for consulting The Gardens Trust, formerly the Garden History Society, and the Devon Gardens Trust on the above application which affects the setting of Stover Park, an historic designed landscape of National importance included by Historic England on the Register of Parks and Gardens of Special Historic Interest at Grade II. The application is to replace the land to be taken by the A382 Corridor road improvement scheme. The Gardens Trust and the Devon Gardens Trust are happy to support this application. Yours faithfully John Clark Conservation Officer
Sidbury Manor	Devon	E18/0454	Ν	PLANNING APPLICATION Change of use of land to accommodate 3no luxury cabins for tourist accommodation in the walled garden. Sidbury Manor, Sidbury, Sidmouth. HOLIDAY ACCOMMODATION	CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 04.07.2018 Sidbury Manor is included on the Devon Gazetteer of parks and gardens of local historic interest but is of National interest and should be included on the Historic England Register of Parks and Gardens of Special Historic Interest. Unfortunately, Historic England do not have the resources to add sites to the Register unless they are threatened by development. Sidbury Manor, situated in a parkland, was designed in the free Jacobean Renaissance style by David Brandon for Sir Stephen Cave M.P. in 1879. It was cut into the hillside to take advantage of the fine views across the valley to Sidmouth in the distance. The house, which has a fine conservatory, overlooks the terraced garden lawns, the fountain in the lower terrace marks the ha-ha boundary with the farmland. A series of walled gardens are terraced into the hillside above the house. The

Saltram House	Devon	E18/0481	*	PLANNING APPLICATION Fields	heritage assets comprise the House, including the conservatory and screen wall to the west, forecourt railings, gates and piers, all listed Grade II, and the walled garden. Although not listed, the walled gardens are an important part of the designed landscape and, as they are within the curtilage of Sidbury Manor, they are covered by the listing protection. The Gardens Trust and the Devon Gardens Trust appreciates that not all walled gardens are viable for their original purpose and understands that some owners tend to regard them as problems rather than valued as impressive spaces with a sense of expansiveness and grandeur. We advise that if a walled garden is no longer viable, the preferred option would for it to be grassed over, with the paths and walls maintained in good condition. Walled gardens should certainly not be regarded as a development opportunity, or a convenient place to site 3no luxury cabins for tourist accommodation. Under the National Planning Policy Framework, it is a core planning principle to 'conserve heritage assets in a manner appropriate to their significance, so that they can be enjoyed for their contribution to the quality of life of this and future generations' (para17 NPPF). When considering the impact of a proposed development on the significance of a designated heritage asset, great weight should be given to the asset's conservation. We would advise that the proposal to install 3no luxury cabins for tourist accommodation in the walled kitchen garden at Sidbury Manor and urge your Council to refuse the planning application. Yours faithfully John Clark Conservation Officer <b>CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 26.07.2018</b>
				Around Drake Memorial Park, Haye Road, Plympton, Plymouth PL7 1UQ. MISCELLANEOUS	Thank you for consulting The Gardens Trust on the Scoping Report which affects the setting of Saltram House, an historic designed landscape of national significance which is included by Historic England on the Register of Parks and Gardens of Special Historic Interest at Grade II*.

					The Devon Gardens Trust works in partnership with The Gardens Trust in responding to consultations. We concur with your comments on the draft Scoping Report Yours faithfully John Clark Conservation Officer
Saltram House	Devon	E18/0493	*	PLANNING APPLICATION Approval sought for access, appearance, landscaping, layout and scale reserved matters in respect of the erection of a two form entry primary school and associated playing fields, sports pitches and facilities, vehicular and cycle parking, internal access road and footpaths, hard and soft landscaping, drainage and infrastructure and associated works. (An environmental statement was submitted at the time of the outline application). Saltram Meadow Primary School, The Ride, Plymouth PL9 7JA. EDUCATION	CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 26.07.2018 Thank you for consulting The Gardens Trust on the above reserved matters application which affects the setting of Saltram House, an historic designed landscape of national significance which is included by Historic England on the Register of Parks and Gardens of Special Historic Interest at Grade II. The Devon Gardens Trust works in partnership with The Gardens Trust in responding to consultations. We are happy to support this application. Yours faithfully John Clark Conservation Officer
Stanmer Park	East Sussex	E18/0352	11	PLANNING APPLICATION Proposed external works (playground, marquee and parking) within the curtilage of Stanmer House. Stanmer House, Stanmer Village, Stanmer Park, Brighton Brighton & Hove BN1 9QA. PLAY AREA, MARQUEE, PARKING	CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 05.07.2018 Thank you for consulting the Sussex Gardens Trust (SGT) on the above application. The Gardens Trust (TGT) - formerly the Garden History Society (GHS) - is a statutory consultee on matters concerning registered parks and gardens, and is now working closely with County Garden Trusts on matters associated with planning applications and planning policy. Representatives of SGT have reviewed the documentation submitted with this application. Our comments are shown below. We commented at length on the previous application and explained the harm the earlier proposals would cause (see annex), which in our view is substantial harm. In recognition of this harm, the LPA only granted

					temporary planning permission for the re-sited marquee and the car park south of Stanmer House to "allow alternative options for the siting and design of the marquee to be explored". The current proposals involve permanent/long term planning permission for the car park; a further enlargement to the marquee in its present position; planning permission for a children's playground in a prominent position close to the Gd I Stanmer House; and extend the planning permissions substantially. Each of these proposals would further worsen the harm caused by the earlier proposals. The incongruous marquee structure would become more or less permanent and the visual harm undoubtedly substantial. No attempt appears to have been made to consider less intrusive locations for the marquee and car park or for a more sympathetic design for the marquee – such as a lower height or camouflaged colouring and better screening. Any new planning application will need to address the issues identified in our letter of 12th December 2016 (see annex), in particular the impact on significance should be assessed. Yours sincerely Jim Stockwell On behalf of the Sussex Garden Trust.
Sherborne House	Glouceste rshire	E18/0496	II	PLANNING APPLICATION Full Application for Improvements to existing tracks through woodland. at Pleasure Grounds, Sherborne, Gloucestershire. FOOTPATH/CYCLEWAY	CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 17.07.2018 See response to Ragged Copse app 18/02422/FUL below
Sherborne House	Glouceste rshire	E18/0498	11	PLANNING APPLICATION Full Application for Improvements to existing tracks through woodland. at Ragged Copse Sherborne Gloucestershire. FOOTPATH/CYCLEWAY	CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 17.07.2018 Gloucestershire Gardens and Landscape Trust (GGLT) has been notified by the Garden Trust about the proposals to modify the construction of the footpaths in the Ragged Copse and submit comments to Cotswold District Council. From the photographs submitted to support the National Trust's Planning Application, one can see that a substantial level of use in this wooded environment has led to the excessive widening of the paths to avoid particular areas of overuse and waterlogging. GGLT would support a regime of regular maintenance and improvement to contain the estate's rights of way and keep them in

				good condition for local walkers and visitors. However, GGLT would also like to stress that this is a rural estate and would wish that this character is carefully retained. GGLT would both wish to avoid the impact of excessive engineering solutions, and would also wish to see sensitive making good of the ride margins following the works. These comments by GGLT also apply to Application No.18/02394/FUL for works to the Pleasure Grounds, Sherbourne. David Ball
Richmond Park	Greater London	E18/0494	PLANNING APPLICATION Demolition of existing buildings and erection of part 2, 5 and 6 storey buildings comprising 41 No. Class C3 Extra Care units and 54 No. Class C3 intermediate affordable units; landscaping and new public realm; energy centre; new basement/lower ground car park accessed off Alton Road (from existing access point); and a new vehicular access off Alton Road into site. Pocklington Court, 74 Alton Road, SW15 4NN. RESIDENTIAL	<b>CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 16.07.2018</b> Thank you for your email of 12th July informing me about this application. On behalf of the Planning & Conservation Working Group of the London Parks & Gardens Trust (LPGT), we object to this scheme on the following basis: 1. Failure to fulfil statutory consultation obligations As you know, the LPGT is affiliated to The Gardens Trust (TGT, formerly the Garden History Society and the Association of Gardens Trusts), which is a statutory consultee in respect of planning proposals affecting sites included in the Historic England (English Heritage) Register of Parks and Gardens of Special Historic Interest. Neither they, nor we were consulted in the necessary time period. The first we heard of this application was your email. This failure to notify us has given the Trust and our parent body insufficient time. We also believe that Wandsworth council has failed to notify all relevant departments within Historic England of the latest proposals – only archaeology appear to have been notified. The comments from HE also pre-date the amendments to the proposals and there is no evidence therefore that they are aware of the latest plans for this site. 2. Significant and detrimental damage to the setting of a Grade 1 park. The application site is immediately adjacent to Richmond Park, a Grade I registered Park. Further 8 miles of walls around Richmond Park are listed in their own right as Grade II. Paragraph 131 of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) [I have emboldened for emphasis the key parts]. states that: When considering the impact of a proposed development on the significance of a designated heritage asset, great weight should be given to the asset's conservation. The more important the asset, the greater the weight should be. Significance can be harmed or lost

					through alteration or destruction of the heritage asset or development within its setting. As heritage assets are irreplaceable, any harm or loss should require clear and convincing justification. Substantial harm to or loss of a grade II listed building, park or garden should be exceptional. Substantial harm to or loss of designated heritage assets of the highest significance, notably scheduled monuments, protected wreck sites, battlefields, grade I and II* listed buildings, grade I and II* registered parks and gardens, and World Heritage Sites, should be wholly exceptional." The number of stories proposed means that the buildings will be visible from the park at a variety of angles as shown in the Visual Assessment – though the assessment is somewhat lacklustre in terms of details, comparisons and commentary. There are taller buildings forming part of the Alton Estate that are clearly visible from Richmond Park. However, these modernist slab blocks (listed in their own right) are clearly delineated, whereas, the current proposal for mid-rise buildings will blur that distinction visually (even with the setting back of the top floors) and lose the extremely rare sense of space in an urban context that Richmond Park currently gives the visitor. The Trust believes that allowing for mid-rise buildings (that exceed 4 stories) at this proximity to the perimeter of the park is unjustified, would set a dangerous precedent and cause substantial harm to the setting of the Grade 1 Park and it's listed perimeter wall. The Trust therefore urges the local authority to refuse this application. Yours Sincerely Helen Monger Director Tel: 0207 839 3909 For and on behalf of the Planning & Conservation Working Group London Parks & Gardens Trust
Hackwood Park	Hamp	E17/0974		PLANNING APPLICATION	CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 16.07.2018
	shire			Construction of a new Motorway	The revised planning application by MOTO for a Motorway service
				Service Area to comprise an	station and hotel at J6 of the M3 Motorway fails to address any of the
				amenity building, lodge, drive	heritage aspects outlined by Hampshire Gardens Trust in its letter of 20
				thru coffee unit, associated car,	November 2017. We remain extremely concerned and repeat some of
				coach, motorcycle, caravan, HGV	the main points of our original submission.
				and abnormal load parking, and a	Hackwood Park is a Heritage asset of rare and significant value. The
				fuel filling station with retail	whole landscape park, designated by Historic England as one of only

	the adjoining roundabout on the M3 and slip roads to form an access point and works to the highway. Provision of landscaping, infrastructure and ancillary works. Land Adjacent To Junction 6 M3, Basingstoke, Hampshire. ROAD, HYBRID	miles from the Bolton Arch and Crabtree Plantation in the north, which historically connects the Hackwood and Old Basing estates, almost as far as the southern boundary of Winslade parish. It contains Spring Wood, an early eighteenth-century woodland garden designed by Charles Bridgeman with buildings by James Gibbs. No other such garden, a rare early 18th century survival, exists in Hampshire, and there are very few similar examples in Britain. The applicant has failed to answer most of the concerns of heritage parties and it can only be assumed that it is considered that as the development site is not fully visible from the heritage asset, except for one boundary adjacent to the northern arm of the GR I listed Park, it cannot be considered detrimental to the significance of Hackwood Park. However, the Planning Guidance of the NPPF is quite clear that when assessing the significance of a heritage asset, the setting which affects the significance of the site should be considered in its entirely and not solely as having a physical boundary. In the case of Hackwood, the agricultural land, whilst no longer in the ownership of the estate, was part of the whole site designed to be viewed as an expansive agricultural landscape. The applicant has, however, made a limited response to concerns over the lighting of the site referring to the 'nearby GR II* listed house and building' and ' being adjacent to New Park sections of the Hackwood Estate'. The full response refers to a new baseline survey which was carried out in April 2018 which assesses that in the three vertical planes, East, South and West absolutely zero luminance is measured, giving the indication that the design has retained zero light- spill into the surrounding area, including Dickens Lane and Oaken Plantation. The Report accepts that the new development will, without mitigation, inevitably change existing light levels, however tests carried out state that the intrusion of the proposed vertical illumination will be considered negligible on
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	whole of the area adjacent to the development site where a permanent
	night-time glow will be introduced into the setting, destroying the
	essential rural nature.
	Further, as we said in our previous submission, if the agricultural land is
	developed as a Motorway service station, it will be extensively hard-
	landscaped, and the buildings will stand out by the colour and texture
	of the material against the woodland background. The activity on the
	site will be 24/7 with little attention given to the site in winter. It
	addition it will be years before any of the trees proposed reach the 12-
	metre height of the lights close to the Costa outlet, and a permanent
	night-time glow will be introduced destroying the essential rural nature
	which this landscape seeks to protect.
	The Trust is disappointed that few, if any, of the concerns re heritage
	significance have been addressed in any meaningful way.
	Yours sincerely
	J A Hurrell, MCD, BArch, MRTPI (retd)
	HGT Conservation and Development Team
	TGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 19.07.2018
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				We again would like to strongly OBJECT to this application. Yours sincerely, Margie Hoffnung Conservation Officer
Tewin Water	Hertford shire	E17/0637	PLANNING APPLICATION The siting of a temporary agricultural worker's dwelling for a maximum period of 3 years to provide accommodation for a full time agricultural employee. Tewin Water Farm, Churchfield Road, Tewin, Hertfordshire. RESIDENTIAL, AGRICULTURE	TGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 02.07.2018 The Gardens Trust has looked at applications (3/17/1727/FUL & 3/17/1726/FUL)) relating to a 'temporary' 3 bedroom agricultural worker's dwelling as well as associated sheds and storage facilities for a herd of Longhorn cattle within the Grade II Tewin Water historic landscape park laid out by Humphry Repton in 1799. Should this application be resubmitted we would have serious reservations about the siting of the new farmyard and associated buildings/development and wish therefore to put our comments in writing. It is not clear whether alternative sites within the RPG were considered, and if so why this particularly sensitive one was chosen in preference. Historic England (HE) and our colleagues within the Hertfordshire Gardens Trust have outlined the reasons why this historic landscape is of such importance and significance. Tewin Water is not an isolated Repton landscape. He indicated that it should be viewed alongside Digswell and Panshanger as a series of inter-related parklands and specified that it should be all parkland, i.e. not ploughed fields or contain evidence of farming. We would concur with their view that should this development be permitted, the current open character of the historic parkland and Repton's design intent would be lost. Development as proposed within these applications would destroy the unity of the over-arching conception. Tewin Water is still relatively unchanged so it is especially important to ensure that the original design intent can continue to be read within the landscape today and in the future. We understand that HE and our colleagues in the Hertfordshire Gardens Trust have identified a preferable, though still not ideal, site outside the RPG, and should this cattle facility be deemed agriculturally absolutely essential, and no other site outside the RPG be found, we would urge the East Herts Council to support the option suggested by them which we concur with. Yours sincerely,

					Margie Hoffnung
					Conservation Officer
Ponsbourne Grange	Hertford shire	E18/0362	N	PLANNING APPLICATION Submission of details pursuant to condition 1 (material samples), 2a (hard and soft landscape plans showing levels), 2b (enclosure and boundary treatments), 2c (car parking), 2d (access), 2e (hard surfacing), 2g (planting plans), 2i (siting and timing details) and 2j (management details) on planning permission 6/2016/2706/MAJ. Ponsbourne Grange, Ponsbourne Park, Newgate Street, Hertford SG13 8QS. MISCELLANEOUS	CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 08.07.2018 Thank you for consulting the Gardens Trust, of which HGT is a member. We have looked at the planting proposals for this development and note they are such as would occur in any countryside area. It is unfortunate that the applicants did not find it appropriate to acknowledge the rich 19th/early 20th century heritage of Ponsbourne Park with its (then) 'exotic' tree planting Kind Regards Kate Harwood Conservation & Planning Hertfordshire Gardens Trust
Historic De Havilland Grass Runway	Hertford shire	E18/0387	N	PLANNING APPLICATION Outline permission for the Change of Use of land to airfield with runway and support facilities. Historic De Havilland Grass Runway, Ellenbrook fields, Hatfield Buisness park. MISCELLANEOUS	CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 10.07.2018 Thank you for consulting The Gardens Trust, of which HGT is a member. We have seen no Heritage Impact Statement and the D&A Statement with this proposal does not address the issue of the likely adverse impact from noise and visual intrusion of overflying aircraft on the significance of a number of Registered Parks and Gardens: Hatfield, Panshanger, Brocket, Tewin Water, as well as several Locally Important ones. We therefore object to the proposal and request that it is rejected. Kate Harwood
16 Wendover Drive, Welwyn	Hertford shire	E18/0423	N	PLANNING APPLICATION Fell 1 x Corsican Pine tree (T2) covered by TPO 805 (2018). 16 Wendover Drive (Formerly number 10), Welwyn AL6 9LT. TREES	<b>CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 02.07.2018</b> Thank you for consulting the Gardens Trust on this application. We have viewed the limited amount of information available online for this. Although groups of 3 trees were often planted as a picturesque garden feature, which would be destroyed by the felling of one of them, we accept your expert opinion as to Health & Safety issues, as stated in the application, may necessitate the felling of this Corsican Pine. Kate Harwood Conservation & Planning

					Hertfordshire Gardens Trust
19 Scholars Mews, Welwyn Garden City	Hertford shire	E18/0442	N	PLANNING APPLICATION Fell 1 x Oak tree and replace with 1 x Oak tree somewhere else in the garden covered by TPO 738 (2018). 19 Scholars Mews, Welwyn Garden City AL8 7JQ. TREES	Hertfordshire Gardens TrustCGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 13.07.2018The Gardens Trust have been consulted on this application at 19Scholars Mews.It would appear that the tree is healthy and the problem is that the house has been built too close to it. We are happy to defer to your decision on this application but would ask that if permission is granted, the position for the replacement tree is identified and agreed first. In such a crowded area of Welwyn Garden City, it could be difficult to find a position suitable both for the owners and their neighbours. Kind Regards
					Kate Harwood Conservation & Planning Hertfordshire Gardens Trust
Just House, Northaw	Hertford shire	E18/0531	N	PLANNING APPLICATION Installation of front garden dwarf wall with steel railings and electric gates including relocation of the existing entrance and exiting drop kerbs. Just House, Coopers Lane, Northaw, Potters Bar EN6 4NJ. BOUNDARY, ACCESS/GATES	CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 23.07.2018 Thank you for consulting the Gardens Trust, of which Hertfordshire Gardens Trust is a member. Well Road is largely rural in character with hedges lining the road. From the information supplied with this application we are unable to determine the species the relocated hedges would be nor their height. The railings and gates as illustrated would seem to be more urban in design than appropriate for this location and would impact on views along the B156 coming from Northaw, to the detriment of the approach to Northaw House, a park and garden considered by HGT to be of Local Historic Significance. We would suggest more modest railings and gates in keeping both with the rural nature of the area and the nearby Northaw House, whose estate railings are of the type appropriate for this location. Kate Harwood
52 Carleton Rise, Welwyn	Hertfords hire	E18/0543	N	PLANNING APPLICATION Single storey rear extension and rear garden landscaping. 52 Carleton Rise, Welwyn AL6 9RG. BUILDING ALTERATION	<b>CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 27.07.2018</b> Hertfordshire Gardens Trust has no comment to make on the proposed extension of the house which lies in an area formerly agricultural pastureland associated with Danesbury House. However, we are concerned about the introduction of artificial turf, in an areas where high usage, as on sports fields, is not envisaged. A natural lawn surface which can absorb heat and water naturally is usually to be preferred.

					Kate Harwood
Woodlands Vale	Isle of	E18/0486	П	PLANNING APPLICATION	CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 15.07.2018
Estate	Wight			Proposed in ground swimming	The Isle of Wight Gardens Trust wishes to make the following comment
				pool: composite decking	on this application.
				surround. Woodlands Vale	As submitted, we believe that insufficient information and detail has
				House, Calthorpe Road, Ryde, Isle	been included in this application to enable there to be an informed
				Of Wight PO33 1PR.	assessment of the potential impact of proposed changes on the park
				SPORT/LEISURE	and garden features at Woodlands Vale. This is of great importance as
					the Woodlands Vale site is recognised as an important heritage asset by
					being included in the Register of Historic Parks and Gardens of special
					historic interest in England held by Historic England.
					The register entry states the following as reasons for designation –
					'The Woodlands Vale estate is designated at Grade II for the following
					principal reasons: Design quality: The Woodlands Vale estate contains a
					good and representative example of a formal garden laid out between
					the 1870s and 1890s with the addition of some fashionable Japanese
					features in the first decade of the C20. It is considered to be in the top
					three Victorian and Edwardian parks and gardens in the Isle of Wight.
					Designer: the rose arches and a summer house were designed by the
					distinguished architect Samuel Sanders Teulon. Group Value: the main
					house and attached garden features are listed at Grade II* and the
					parkland is integral with the house and garden and provides views to
					the north-east and south-east with borrowed views of The Solent and
					Spitbank Fort to the north-east. It is one of the most complete surviving
					gentry estates on the Isle of Wight and one of the few remaining
					estates on the Isle of Wight with an open outlook to the sea.'
					No Heritage Statement or Design and Access Statement has been
					included with the application and we would wish to see these provided.
					They should reference the importance of the site and provide an
					assessment of the impact of the proposed in-ground swimming pool on
					the existing layout and features of the formal garden and wider
					parkland. They should also provide evidence of the choice of location of
					the proposed structure including why this location has been seen to be
					preferable to alternative locations based on an assessment of the
					impact on the heritage asset. We would also like to see more
					information on the intended disposal of the excavated soil required to

create the space for the in-ground structure and on the physical
appearance of the proposed composite decking.
In the absence of this information we are unable to support this
application and would urge the Local Planning Authority to encourage
the applicant to withdraw the application in order to provide the
additional information needed to allow the impact on this heritage
asset to be given due consideration. If this is not agreeable to the
applicant, we would ask the Local Planning Authority to refuse the
application.
John Brownscombe
Chairman Isle of Wight Gardens Trust
On behalf of the Isle of Wight Gardens Trust
TGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 28.07.2018
Our colleagues in the Isle of Wight Gardens Trust have brought this
application to our attention. As they were notified late we have
therefore not been able to respond within the allocated response
period as we did not know until after that date had passed. We note
also that you did not contact Historic England until past this response
date either. The Gardens Trust is the statutory consultee with regard to
proposed development affecting a site included by Historic England
(HE) on their Register of Parks & Gardens, as per the above application.
We would very much appreciate it if in future you could please let us
know in good time. I am attaching a copy of our leaflet : The Planning
System in England and the Protection of Historic Parks and Gardens –
Guidance for Local Planning Authorities.
We are concerned at the lack of a Heritage Statement which is required
under the NPPF, and a Design and Access statement with photographs
showing the proposed location and how the swimming pool might
affect the setting of the RPG. We would like to know whether other
locations were considered and why this site was chosen. The details
submitted with the application are scant and insufficient. We
appreciate that you have visited the site and have reassured us that the
decking will be hardwood rather than composite material. We
understand that you have also assured us that any spoil will be disposed
of off site.

				Despite this we feel that due to the national importance of the RPG at Woodlands this application cannot be decided until sufficient information in line with our suggestion is provided. Yours sincerely, Margie Hoffnung Conservation Officer
Langton Hall	Leicester shire	E17/1625	PLANNING APPLICATION Erection of low energy dwelling and landscape proposals submitted under paragraph 55 of the National Planning Policy Framework. Land Off West Langton Road, Langton Hall, West Langton, Leicestershire. RESIDENTIAL	<b>TGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 06.07.2018</b> Thank you for consulting The Gardens Trust (GT) in its role as Statutory Consultee with regard to proposed development affecting a site included by Historic England (HE) on their Register of Parks & Gardens (RPG), as per the above application. Please accept my sincere apologies for the delay in getting back to you and thank you for making it possible for two local colleagues to visit the site within the past few days. The development site (the paddock) lies within the Grade II listed RPG and also forms part of the setting of the Grade II listed Langton Hall, kitchen garden and stable block. To date most of the new development appears to have been in a cluster around the walled garden area, but this latest proposal is further away on its own. The new house would lie directly on the northern axis from the Hall which may well still reveal below-ground remains of axial garden features (such as avenues/formal gardens etc) from earlier periods, particularly as the ground has not been ploughed. A modern house with intrusive solar panels would not be in keeping with the remaining estate buildings and would therefore diminish the parkland atmosphere. We also have concerns that approval could set a precedent for future development. The GT therefore OBJECTS to this application. We appreciate that the design has respected the existing trees and that more than half of the existing paddock would remain and that the new house would largely be screened by trees from the public footpath to the north and also from the neighbouring village of Church Langton. Should Harborough approve the application we would seek assurance that this would not set a precedent for other development within the RPG. Further development in this area would be very unwelcome. We would also suggest that a blanket TPO be applied to the trees in the paddock and that none of the lower branches be removed as they currently come down to ground level helping to block views. Finally, we

Skegness Esplanade and Tower Gardens	Lincoln shire	E18/0349	11	PLANNING APPLICATION Outline erection of a high wire leisure facility, extension to the existing kiosk to provide a seating area and conversion of part of the existing chalet building to provide associated office, storage space and locker rooms (with means of access, landscaping, layout and scale to be considered). SKEGNESS SPORT & LEISURE CENTRE, GRAND PARADE, SKEGNESS PE25 2UG. VISITOR	<ul> <li>would ask for an archaeological watching brief on this sensitive site.</li> <li>Yours sincerely,</li> <li>Margie Hoffnung</li> <li>Conservation Officer</li> <li>CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 05.07.2018</li> <li>Lincolnshire Gardens Trust (LGT) welcomes this opportunity to comment on this planning proposal. As a member of The Gardens Trust (TGT) LGT works closely with the TGT (formerly the Garden History Society), the statutory consultee for all planning and development proposals affecting all sites on the Historic England Register of Parks and Gardens. Thanks to local knowledge, LGT advises the TGT and, on occasion, comments on their behalf.</li> <li>LGT supports recent moves to investigate proposals to re-invigorate, restore and upgrade the Skegness Foreshore. However, this planning application for a high wire leisure facility, would, in our view, be a retrograde step. At 21 m high the high wires would be 3 m higher than the existing 18 m high Giant Wheel and 15 m high roller coaster. LGT</li> </ul>
					the existing 18 m high Giant Wheel and 15 m high roller coaster. LGT considers this new leisure facility to be inappropriate, too high and too near to the setting of the Esplanade and Tower Gardens, HE Grade II, and would add distracting visual clutter and doubtless noise particularly to the adjacent Compass Gardens which are designed for rest, recuperation and visual pleasure.
					The recent Historic England description in the listing is worth drawing to your attention: "The design interest is they are a significant creation both in scale and detail, embodying many of the design elements of a seaside landscape of the period. The well-structured 17 composition, punctuated by bridges, sunken formal gardens, pavilions, bowling greens and mock castles, is linked by water features to create a visual and textural interest in what were formerly sand dunes."
					Interest in what were formerly sand dunes." If this facility were installed, the view north-east for all visitors first arriving at the focal Clocktower and central Tower Esplanade, the main approach to the sea-side, would be extremely chaotic, messy and even ugly judging from the generic image mock-up, and would do nothing to enhance the significant Skegness Foreshore. LGT therefore wish to register its objection to this planning application.

					Yours sincerely, Mrs Steffie Shields M.B.E Chairman, Lincolnshire Gardens Trust
Holywell Hall Park	Lincoln shire	E18/0402		PLANNING APPLICATION Change of Use from Class C3 Dwelling House, to Mixed Use Sui Generis, with the primary use remaining Class C3 and with secondary use Class D2 Assembly and Leisure for the purpose of Weddings. Holywell Hall, Clipsham Road, Holywell PE9 4DT. EVENT/FUNCTION	TGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 19.07.2018 Thank you for consulting The Gardens Trust (GT) in its role as Statutory Consultee with regard to proposed development affecting a site included by Historic England (HE) on their Register of Parks & Gardens, as per the above application. We have liaised with our colleagues in the Lincolnshire Gardens Trust (LGT) and considered the documents available on line. We are surprised that there is no mention whatsoever of the recent 2017 Grade II listing of the park and gardens (RPG) (see Historic England's website : https://www.historicengland.org.uk/listing/the-list/list-entry/1444034). We would like to have seen some recognition of the RPG in the form of a Heritage Statement and how the proposed weddings/events might be sympathetic to the landscape setting. As long as the events are temporary in nature with no permanent marquees built and all temporary structures are taken down immediately after events, we hope that the new venture will respect the grounds and even improve them to enhance the setting for wedding guests. We would also be grateful if in future you also consulted the Lincolnshire Gardens Trust for any applications which might affect any grade of RPG. Yours sincerely, Margie Hoffnung Conservation Officer
Leonardslee	West Sussex	E18/0052	1	PLANNING APPLICATION Improvements to visitor car park including refurbishment to access from existing site entrance and exit, landscaping works to the car park, refurbished toilet block and greenhouse and erection of a glasshouse. Leonardslee Gardens, Brighton Road, Lower Beeding, Horsham. PARKING, VISITOR	Conservation Officer CGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 17.07.2018 Thank you for consulting Sussex Gardens Trust (SGT) regarding the above application. The Gardens Trust (GT) - formerly the Garden History Society (GHS) - is a statutory consultee on matters concerning registered parks and gardens, and is now working closely with County Garden Trusts such as SGT regarding commenting on planning policy and planning applications. SGT welcomes improvements at Leonardslee and is pleased that a detailed Heritage Appraisal has now been provided to support the application (Leonardslee Heritage appraisal June 2018 01507256.pdf).

				FACILITIES, GLASSHOUSE	This document provides a valuable description of the development of the garden and an assessment of its significance. We would have preferred to see an assessment of how the current proposals would affect the significance of the garden; however, with one exception, we consider the proposals will result in less than substantial harm. The exception concerns the proposed kitchen garden. Given the
					changes at Leonardslee involve the intensification of commercial use and associated public access, the opportunity should be taken to introduce high quality design to all the associated new infrastructure including its impact on the approach and 'public face' of the site, particularly given this is a Grade I site. While we fully support the
					principal of adding a kitchen garden, we question whether the installation of a metal framed greenhouse and polytunnels enclosed by a wooden fence is an acceptable design in this setting. Yours faithfully Jim Stockwell.
					On behalf of the Sussex Garden Trust.
Harewood House	West Yorkshire	E18/0446	1	PLANNING APPLICATION Replacement Jetties & disabled	<b>TGT WRITTEN RESPONSE 28.07.2018</b> As noted in our letter of 26th June (Alterations to grounds to create
				ramp. Harewood House,	chain ferry across lake Ref: 18/00421/UOPS3 and 18/03195) in general,
				Harrogate Road, Harewood.	the Gardens Trust welcomes proposals for measures to increase access
				MISCELLANEOUS	to historic gardens and parks for public enjoyment and education,
					provided the increased volume of visitors does not cause irreparable
					damage to the fabric of the landscape. However, we do have real concerns about some aspects of the alterations for this chain-link ferry
					project for which we understand work has been completed.
					We are very concerned that the project has been executed without
					planning permission in a Grade I Registered Historic Park and Garden (ie
					a site of exceptional interest – just under 9% of all registered sites are
					Grade I). The lake is a fundamental part of the setting of Harewood
					Grade I). The lake is a fundamental part of the setting of Harewood House (also listed Grade I) and is a fine and relatively unspoilt example of Lancelot 'Capability' Brown's work, an imaginative design conceived
					Grade I). The lake is a fundamental part of the setting of Harewood House (also listed Grade I) and is a fine and relatively unspoilt example of Lancelot 'Capability' Brown's work, an imaginative design conceived on an enormous scale, refined over several decades, and later praised
					Grade I). The lake is a fundamental part of the setting of Harewood House (also listed Grade I) and is a fine and relatively unspoilt example of Lancelot 'Capability' Brown's work, an imaginative design conceived

below the house. Indeed, the mystical experience tracing the passage
of the lake waters through the Harewood estate featured in a beautiful
Simon Warner video that was shown as part of the major contemporary
photography exhibition in London 'Lenses on a Landscape Genius –
Lancelot 'Capability Brown (1716-1783)' as part of the Capability Brown
Tercentenary Festival in 2016.
We are unsure whether Historic England has been consulted.
We understand that the new boat is 8.5m long and not 12.0m as we
noted in our earlier letter. This is more in scale with Lascelles' original
25 ft boat commissioned in 1780, (very likely the same boat featured in
the Turner 1797 painting). We also understand that the chain sits on
the bottom of the lake so we trust that the old 'Capability' boat moored
nearby will still be used for visitors to enjoy the wider designed views of
the park and house from the water.
Although in principle we understand the need for better access we do
have concerns about this planning application viz the completely
inappropriate detailing of the jetties, the associated new path surfaces
and their angular construction. Harewood and its visitors deserve
better design and materials and we question whether expert historical
designed landscape advice has been sought.
In particular we would draw your attention to the following :
- The Design and Heritage Statement does not address at all the
significance and importance of this historic site. We are unable to find
any reference to, or understanding of the designed landscape apart
from a fleeting reference at 1.0 Introduction 'Grade I listed
building/gardens' and a later reference in 1.1 to
'Listed parkland' - but no specific reference to the Historic England (HE)
Register entry. This is totally inadequate and is in our view indicative of
the less than sympathetic proposals.
- The Design and Heritage Statement at 2.0 Proposed Works indicates
wrought iron railings but we understand that they are square section
metal railings etc more suitable for an urban setting.
- The lamps on the jetties (which we have not seen mentioned on the
application) would similarly be suitable for an urban setting and not for
a nationally important landscape heritage asset.
- The 'reclaimed natural stone' (2.0) and the mason's work is similarly

loss than the quality are would avaat
less than the quality one would expect.
- A '1.1m high timber fence to the lake side' (2.0) is intrusive.
- The new access route/path down the steep slope for the shuttle bus
would in our view be much more sympathetic if constructed in a gentle
curve, especially as it mars the vistas from across the lake.
- Although unfortunately tarmacadam (2.0) has in the recent past been
used for some of the paths, a resin bound gravel 'Topcoat' to the
tarmac would be so much more appropriate and sympathetic for the
paths and ramp. (C18 correspondence between Harewood's owner
Lascelles and his agent Popplewell contains specific references to
gravel paths, including obtaining gravel from the river bed, which would
have followed from Brown's advice on the subject as seen on other
sites). Ideally, in our view, as the design is so angular we would have
preferred to see it completely rebuilt with a 'tarmac' sub-base laid into
the (new much shallower gradient) curved timber edging which would
sit a 'resin bonded layer's depth' BELOW the wooden edging and then
the resin bonded top layer would be added in warm (not frosty or
low temperature) weather in order to lay it properly and achieve the
correct flush finish.)
We note and cannot agree with the Design and Heritage Statement at
1.0 Introduction: 'This statement confirms that the proposals to this
Grade I Listed building/gardens are developed in a manner which would
have regard to and respond positively to the character of the area and
would not cause harm to interests of acknowledged importance'.
We refer to our letter of 26th June (Alterations to grounds to create
chain ferry across lake Ref: 18/00421/UOPS3 and 18/03195). The
southern jetty is situated in what was originally a gated herb garden
according to 1893 OS map evidence. HE's Register Entry mentions:
"Railings attached to east run between lean-to and lake, have central
gate with decorative central splat and cresting, spear-head rods with
arrow-head dog-bars set between." The GT is concerned as to what has
become of this significant feature mentioned in the listing? Has listed
building consent been received for their removal?
There is no discussion in the planning documents about the historic
position of the jetties which we find extremely disappointing as it
should have been a fundamental part of the planning application.

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Similarly, there is no explanation of what is meant by "replacement
jetties". The one nearer the house appears to be additional, whilst the
one on the opposite bank appears not to be a replacement in the sense
that there has never been one in that position before.
In 18th century landscape design, great importance was attached to
judging the right moment at which a particular view, scene or feature
should be made visible, and also the sequence in which things were
seen. As the spectator moved through the grounds their attention was
directed first to one scene and then to another in an orderly manner.
The scenes were to be different in content or mood, and in between
them there was to be an area of transition in which the impression
made by the previous scene diminished, in preparation for the next. We
suggest that, due to the site chosen for the new southern jetty, the
anticipation of seeing both the Rose Garden and the Walled Gardens
when arriving by the new ferry is much reduced and thus the new
southern jetty significantly weakens Brown's carefully crafted design. If
instead the jetty had been sited in its C19 position then it would cause
far less harm to this aspect of Brown's design.
A £5,500 contract agreed at Harewood with Brown, makes Harewood
the most significant Yorkshire estate in his portfolio, and a fine example
of his drive towards aesthetically beautiful landscapes that were both
useful, well-managed and worth the long-term investment. 18th
century concepts of land stewardship and issues of beauty or profit
remain relevant to the 21st century landscape including this latest
proposal. It is, of course, to be applauded that easier access is being
considered a key priority for visitors with disabilities, but this planning
application in no way measures up to the standard that we would
expect for such an important assemblage of designed landscape and
buildings.
Yours sincerely,
Margie Hoffnung
Conservation Officer
The Gardens Trust